

Wednesday, 26th August 2015 Company Announcement Office Australian Securities Exchange rimfire pacific mining nl a.c.n. 006 911 744

ASX Code "RIM"

Exchange Tower Suite 411, 530 Little Collins Street Melbourne Victoria Australia. 3000

T 61 3 9620 5866 F 61 3 9620 5822

E <u>rimfire@rimfire.com.au</u>

W www.rimfire.com.au

Sorpresa Drilling Continues Lens Assessment in Shallow Oxide Best intersection of 14m @ 5.24g/t gold & 156g/t silver from 21m

Key Recent Activity Highlights

+ The Sorpresa drilling has again provided consistent results within known mineralised lenses

✤ 14m @ 5.24g/t Au & 156g/t Ag (incl. 3m @ 17.38g/t Au & 243g/t Ag) returned at Sorpresa

Vew 3,000m discovery RC drill program starts, focus on Eclipse Trend, East Sorpresa, Yoes areas

Rimfire Pacific Mining NL (ASX:RIM) ("Rimfire" or "The Company") is pleased to report a series of positive gold and silver results from a 9 hole RC drilling program (382m) at the Trench 31 and Roadside areas within the known Sorpresa gold and silver mineralised system at Fifield NSW. The RC drilling was part of an ongoing assessment of the structural controls and orientation of the different lens areas within Sorpresa. This latest drilling assists the Company's commercial views of Sorpresa. Further RC drilling is planned at Trench 31 area within this quarter.

Highlights for Sorpresa Gold and Silver Lens Assessment RC Drilling

Hole (location)	Main Intersection	Including Intersection
Fi 0528 (Roadside)	14m @ 5.24g/t Au & 156g/t Ag from 21m	Incl. 1m @ 0.56g/t Au & 592g/t Ag from 21m <u>and</u> Incl. 3m @ 17.38g/t Au & 243g/t Ag from 26m (which also incl. 1m @ 22.60g/t Au & 346g/t Ag from 27m)
Fi 0530 (Roadside)	8m @ 0.49g/t Au & 251g/t Ag from 48m	Incl. 2m @ 0.55g/t Au & 577g/t Ag from 53m
Fi 0529 (Roadside)	2m @ 0.33g/t Au & 52g/t Ag from 23m <u>and</u> 3m @ 1.67g/t Au & 322g/t Ag from 27m <u>and</u> 7m @ 0.73g/t Au & 21g/t Ag from 33m	Incl. 1m @ 4.04g/t Au & 879g/t Ag from 28m
Fi 0531 (Roadside)	10m @ 1.12g/t Au & 79g/t Ag from 50m <u>and</u> 5m @ 32g/t Ag from 60m	Incl. 1m @ 3.19g/t Au & 619g/t Ag from 56m
Fi 0526 (Trench31)	3m @ 4.39g/t Au from 4m <u>and</u> 3m @ 3.49g/t Au from 10m	Incl. 1m @ 8.07g/t Au from 5m <u>and</u> Incl. 2m @ 4.95g/t Au from 11m
Fi 0525 (Trench31)	6m @ 1.73g/t Au from 11m	Incl. 2m @ 4.02g/t Au from 13m

Gold and Silver higher grade intersections at Sorpresa included the following:

(See Table 2 and Figures 1 & 3, 3a for complete details, pages 6~9 this report)

- Results compare favorably with surrounding intersections at Sorpresa and confirm the continuity of the Sorpresa mineralisation.
- **This drilling improves the understanding of the orientation and controls operating on the gold and silver systems.**
- **The Company will continue assessing the better parts of the Sorpresa mineralisation in the oxide zone aiming to increase grades, ounces and the commercial context.**
- □ This completed drill program (and subsequent work to follow) will contribute to parts of the resource at Sorpresa moving to measured status in due course.
- □ Metallurgy assessment is underway on the oxide and primary zones at Sorpresa, looking at gravity, floatation and heap leach recoveries. Results are due shortly.

CEO and Managing Director, John Kaminsky said:

"The results from the completed 9 hole RC drill program demonstrates that the Sorpresa gold mineralisation continues to provide good continuity within the higher grade zones. The holes were focused on the gold and silver mineralisation in the oxide zone ($0 \sim 60$ m) within the Sorpresa resource, at locations including the Trench 31 and Roadside areas.

"It was very pleasing to see some excellent results such as hole **Fi 0528 with 14m @ 5.24g/t Au & 156g/t Ag, incl. 3m @ 17.38g/t Au & 243g/t Ag from 21m.** The results from this program strengthen our confidence that we can establish a reliable oxide position on the higher grade lenses at Sorpresa.

"The closer spaced and infill drilling continues to provide better understanding on the mineralisation orientation, structure and geology within Sorpresa. The knowledge being gained adds to the Company's capacity to seek further upside within the current Sorpresa resource for gold and silver. More locations are planned for drilling at Trench 31 and Roadside accordingly.

"With the maiden resource now established at Sorpresa, a more detailed assessment of these higher grade areas in the shallow oxide zone within Sorpresa is justified assisting the determination of the economic potential. Accordingly, the Company is also currently undertaking further laboratory scale metallurgy, with results due shortly for gravity, floatation and heap leach.

New regional Activities

"From a discovery perspective, the Company continues to examine the potential to grow the Sorpresa style mineralisation with targets identified outside the known resource. In the next round of RC drilling, magnetic and gravity features to the east of Trench 31 will undergo testing for gold and silver as potential extensions of the mineralisation.

"The Company believes that both resource and discovery growth opportunities remain at Sorpresa, thus providing potential upside for the Company to go beyond the maiden resource estimate.

"A brief summary is also provided of the status of a range of activities either completed or underway (page 3). Most notable is the commencement of a further 3,000m of RC drilling, focusing on Eclipse Trend, Yoes and East of Sorpresa.

"The limited down hole EM survey undertaken at Eclipse South provided little insight to the context of the chalcopyrite intersected there. A number of the drill holes were too shallow for effective survey, and only a minor conductive response was interpreted, but no response was seen in the main hole Fi 0588 (which gave 4m @ 6.5% Cu and 2.30g/t Au). Follow up drilling will attempt to better understand the underlying context at Eclipse South, for both gold and copper mineralisation and is part of the 3,000m program now underway.

"The Company remains active in a very difficult global economic environment, looking to provide further gains on its project areas, to the benefit of shareholders. A recent (July 2015) presentation (<u>click to view</u>) provides an update on the Company and was well received at the NSW Government sponsored Resources Conference held in Sydney."

Sorpresa Discovery RC Drilling Conducted

Currently the Sorpresa Deposit comprises 6.4Mt for 7.9Moz of silver and 125kOz of gold (at 0.5g/t Au & 25g/t Ag cutoff) as an Inferred and Indicated Mineral Resource, equating to approx. 250,000oz gold equivalent.

The Company believes that potential upside exists at Sorpresa by defining additional resources in under explored areas along strike to the south and at depth, down dip to the east and also in gap areas between mineralised domains.

- □ **High grades** that exist in yet to be defined areas, where previous drilling has been on too broad a scale, and has missed these high grade areas
- □ In addition to the well intersected fine disseminated mineralisation, there is an observed **coarse gold fraction** in places, and this is likely to provide further grade uplift in parts of Sorpresa
- □ **Discovery growth extension** possibilities remain in areas to the East, South and in the gaps within Sorpresa. *A component of the current 3,000m RC drilling will target East Sorpresa for additional discovery*

Assay results and description for the completed two deeper RC holes Fi 0600 (236m) and Fi 0601 (280m):

Assay results for discovery drilling in step outs from Sorpresa were received for two deeper drill holes (Figure 1). The assays confirmed previously reported field observations of minimal mineralisation encountered.

- □ **The stratigraphic drill hole (Fi 0600) located 200m east of the known Roadside area.** The objective was to determine if the gold-silver mineralised plane continued and this was successfully confirmed. Whilst the drilling only intersected weaker mineralisation, the plane offers further opportunity to the east, to be assessed at a later stage. The best assays for Fi 0600 were:
 - o 6m @ 0.2g/t Au from 92m and 14m @ 0.23g/t Au from 160m (4m composite samples)
- **Drill hole Fi 0601 targeted a pipe-like geophysical feature 700m to the south, shown in the gravity and IP.** The hole was looking to establish an additional gold-silver sulphide connection to the main Sorpresa resource. Visual observation indicated no gold or silver was present, and assay results confirmed this. This hole performed below expectations, but the IP signature is not considered resolved and will be re-examined.

Both of these holes were collared at significant distances from the main known Sorpresa mineralisation and provide additional insights to the Company.

In addition, the Company has continued a broad spectrum of work and a brief update on current Company activities is provided below.

A summary of Activities either completed or currently underway at Fifield include:

- ✓ Approx. 3,000m of contractor RC Drilling, using the balance of the NSW Grant funds (\$63,000) Underway
 - Targets include Eclipse South, East Sorpresa (gravity/magnetics), Yoes (radiometric)
- ✓ Down hole EM on copper sulphide zone at Eclipse South *Complete, no significant conductive response seen*
- ✓ Sampling (Soil and Auger drill) on extensions to Eclipse Trend *part completed*
- Sampling (Soil and Auger drill) on regional geological areas of interest (Yoes) *Completed*
- Receipt and interpretation of petrology work conducted at Yoes Completed
- ✓ Ongoing definition of near surface high grade Au/Ag at Sorpresa, auger followed by RC drilling *Planned*
- ✓ Additional regional geochemical targets to be tested (Golden Chrome) *RAB Drilling underway, inhouse rig*
- ✓ Metallurgical testing from the Sorpresa resource, to assist economic studies *Near Completion*

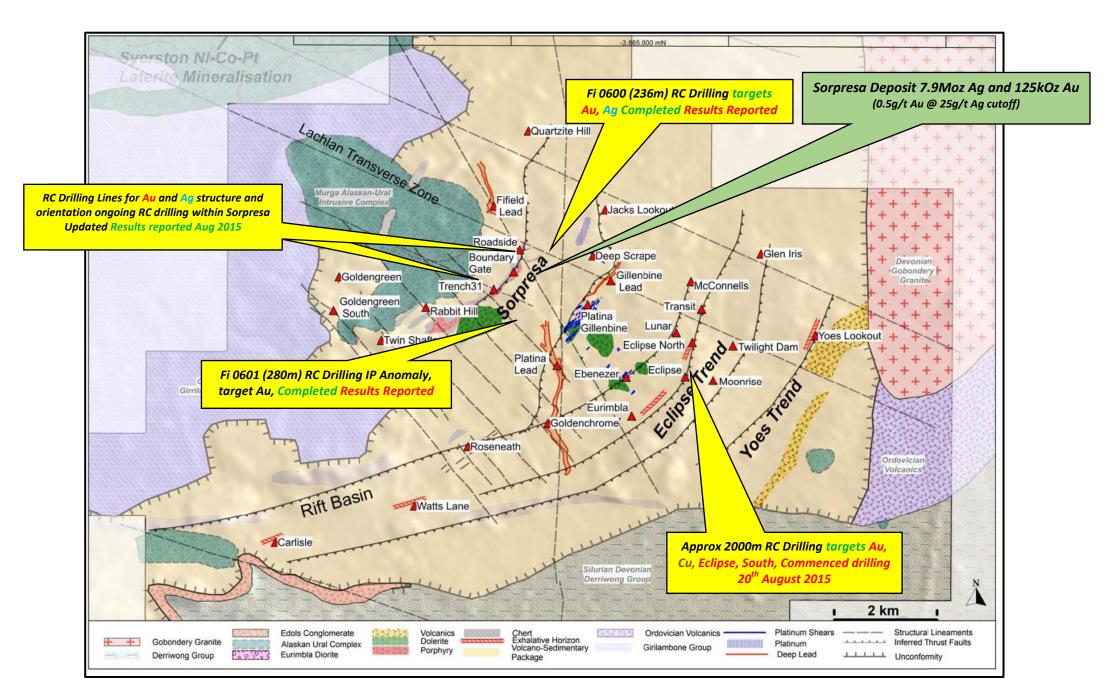
<u>New 3,000m RC drilling program commenced</u>

An approximate 3,000m RC drilling program has commenced with a focus on discovery opportunities in 3 locations for gold, silver and copper, including adjacent to Sorpresa and regional prospects. Drilling priorities being pursued focus on the geochemical and geophysical targets in locations at Eclipse Trend, East Sorpresa and Yoes.

The Company will report more details in due course. The drilling represents the completion of the funding from NSW "New Frontiers Drilling Grant". The NSW Government has announced the opening for applications of a phase two drilling grant scheme around December 2015, details are to be finalised.

The Company strategy continues to focus on building its discovery inventory in the regional work, predominantly within 6km radius of Sorpresa, whilst looking to enhance and evaluate the Sorpresa gold and silver resource.

JOHN KAMINSKY CEO and Managing Director



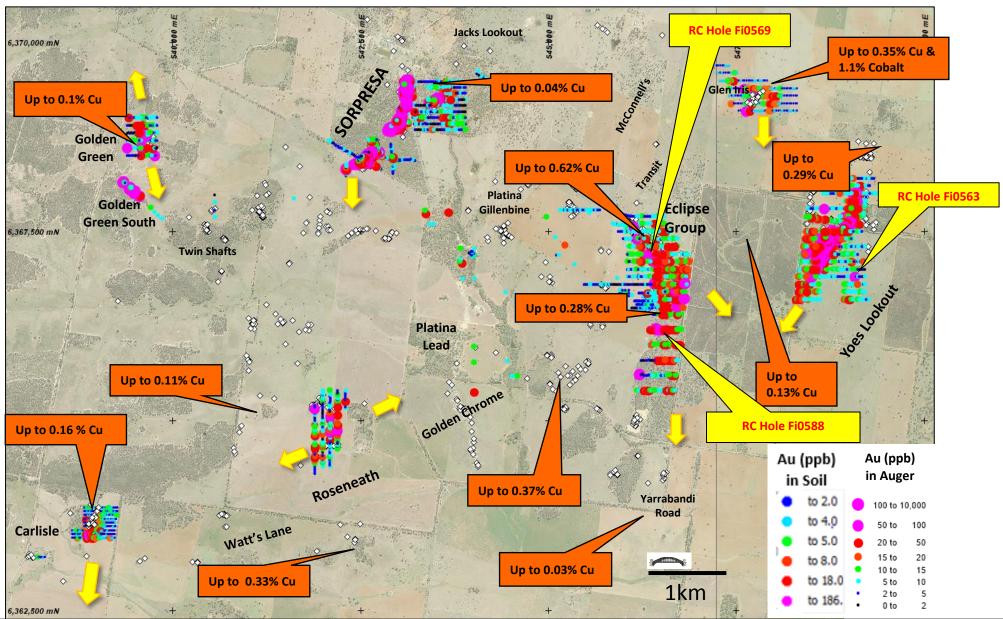


Figure2: Wider Sorpresa area Map, shows the underlying gold signature, with best Copper Rock Chips overlaid. RC drilling (May~July 2015) has confirmed Copper (Chalcopyrite)

The Eclipse Trend is in a structurally complex area which is associated with a strong geochemical corridor which extends from Eclipse South for 2.2km through the Eclipse North drilling area and is open along strike to the north and south. Recent significant high grade Cu and Au drill intersections in both areas has indicated the potential for ore grade mineralisation relatively close to surface, open down dip and along strike.

Figure 3: Sorpresa Plan View, the location of the RC drill results at Roadside. (Looking at Structural Controls on Gold and Silver)

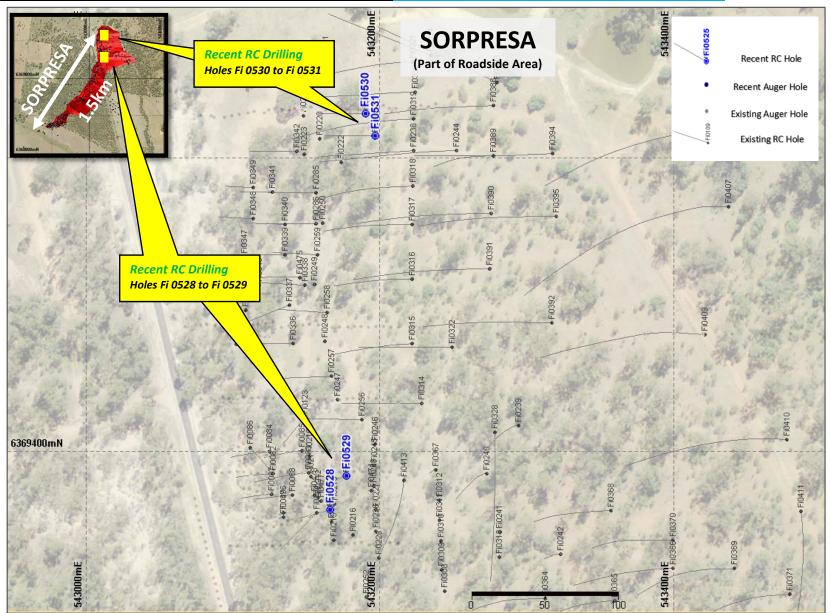
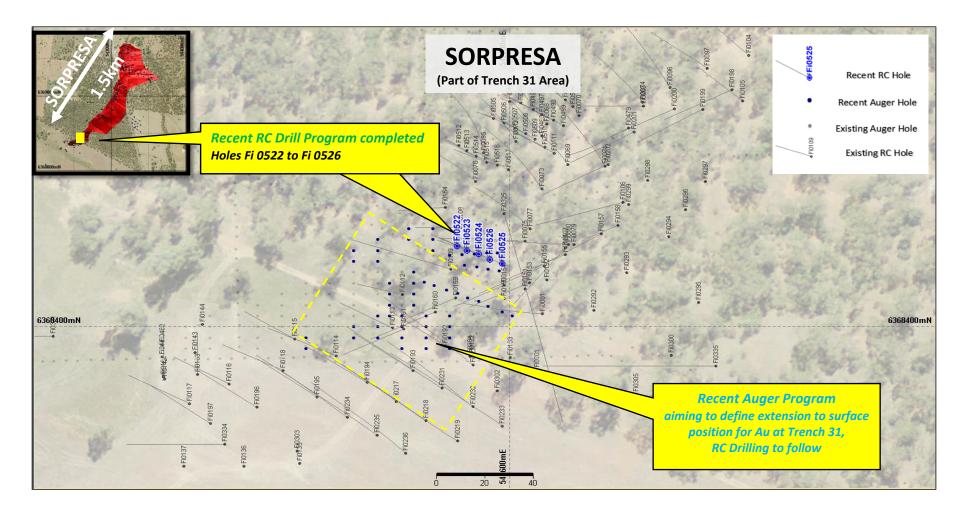


Figure 3a: Sorpresa Plan View, the location of the RC drill results at Trench 31. (New Auger Drill program also shown)



Hole ID	Easting (m GDA94)	Northing (m GDA94)	Survey Base	RL (mAHD)	Dip (°)	GDA Azimuth (°)	Depth (m)	Drilling Type	Prospect		From (m)	To (m)	Down hole Length (m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
Fi0522	542578	6368437	DGPS	292	-68	297	33	RC	Trench 31		0	2	2	0.12	
											5	9	4	0.15	
										incl.	5	6	1	0.26	
Fi0523	542582	6368435	DGPS	292	-60	291	27	RC	Trench 31		1	2	1	0.10	
											7	8	2	0.23	
Fi0524	542587	6368433	DGPS	292	-60	295	36	RC	Trench 31		0	8	8	0.25	<u> </u>
										incl.	6	7	1	0.46	
											9	13	4	0.11	
											23	24	1	0.12	
Fi0525	542597	6368429	DGPS	292	-60	295	20	RC	Trench 31		5	11	6	0.29	
											11	17	6	1.73	
										incl.	13	15	2	4.02	
Fi0526	542592	6368431	DGPS	292	-60	295	36	RC	Trench 31		0	4	4	0.67	
								_			4	7	3	4.39	
										incl.	5	6	1	8.07	
											10	13	3	3.49	
										incl.	11	13	2	4.95	

Table 2: Assay Results from recent RC drilling at Sorpresa – Trench 31 Area Oxide

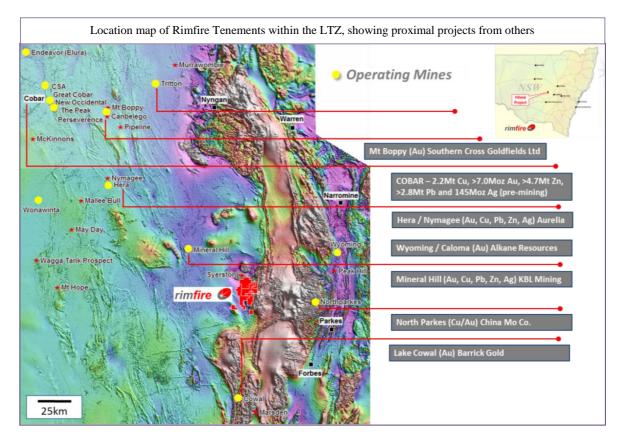
Hole ID	Easting (m GDA94)	Northing (m GDA94)	Survey Base	RL (mAHD)	Dip (°)	GDA Azimuth (°)	Depth (m)	Drilling Type	Prospect	From (m)	To (m)	Down hole Length (m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
Fi0528	543166	6369360	DGPS	292	-60	255	45		Roadside	14	17	3		15
										17	21	4	0.23	50
										21	35	14	5.24	156
									incl.	21	22	1	0.56	592
									incl.	26	29	3	17.38	243
									which also incl.	27	28	1	22.60	346
										35	45	10	0.11	
Fi0529	543177	6369383	DGPS	292	-60	255	51		Roadside	23	25	2	0.33	52
										27	30	3	1.67	322
									incl.	28	29	1	4.04	879
										30	33	3	0.21	
										33	40	7	0.73	21
									incl.	33	34	1	1.02	11
									incl.	39	40	1	2.69	20
Fi0530	543190	6369630	DGPS	290	-60	270	65		Roadside	46	48	2	0.20	15
										48	56	8	0.49	251
									incl.	49	50	1	1.29	125
									incl.	53	55	2	0.55	577
										56	65	9		19
									incl.	62	65	3		31
Fi0531	543197	6369615	DGPS	290	-60	270	69		Roadside	50	60	10	1.12	79
									incl.	51	52	1	3.20	5
									incl.	56	57	1	3.19	619
									incl.	58	60	2	0.98	108
										60	65	5		32
										65	69	4		10
	Sequence													
	gap													
Fi0600	543765	6369200	GPS	284.2	-60	270	236	RC	Sorpresa Stratigraphic	92	98	6	0.20*	
									Step out Roadside	160	174	14	0.23*	
												1		
Fi0601	543053	6367518	GPS	290	-60	338	280	RC	South Sorpresa IP	NS				

Note: Intersections calculated on >0.1 g/t Au with <2m internal dilution. Samples taken as 2m composites Note: * 4m composite samples

ABOUT RIMFIRE PACIFIC MINING AND COMPETENT PERSON DECLARATION

Rimfire Pacific Mining is an ASX listed (code: RIM) resources exploration company that has its major emphasis focused at Fifield in central NSW, located within the Lachlan Transverse Zone (LTZ).

In 2010 the Company delivered a greenfields gold and silver discovery, named "Sorpresa", in the Fifield district. Subsequent exploration has provided evidence that the "Wider Sorpresa Area" is now considered a significant gold mineralised system of some promise. The gold is predominantly native gold.



The best gold and silver intersections achieved from the period mid-2012 to the current date on the **Sorpresa** Project area with locations shown include (*note Table 4: Dates and Hyperlinks for previously referred to results in this report*):

14m @ 21.9g/t Au plus 6m @ 93g/t Ag 14m @ 24.4g/t Au plus 26m @ 155g/t Ag 10m @ 535g/t Ag plus 1.0g/t Au 20m @ 230g/t Ag 1m @ 114g/t Au plus 1m @ 33g/t Ag 16m @ 5.32g/t Au plus 20m @ 81g/t Ag 4m @ 21.9g/t Au 26m @ 90g/t Ag plus 26m @ 0.37g/t Au Trench 31 Roadside Roadside North Boundary Gate East (BGE) Roadside Join Up Roadside

The current main Sorpresa Strike line containing gold and silver mineralisation is approximately 1.5km in length and is at various stages of further discovery extension drilling.

The Company announced a JORC 2012 Compliant Inferred & Indicated Maiden resource for Sorpresa in December 2014, which comprises 6.4Mt for 7.9Moz of silver and 125kOz of gold (at 0.5g/t Au & 25g/t Ag cutoff).

The Company has now established multiple project areas of importance involving hard rock Gold (Au), Silver (Ag), Copper (Cu) and Platinum (Pt) within a 6km radius of the Sorpresa discovery covering an extensive prospective 35km² area at Fifield, which is part of the contiguous 313km² tenement position held.

The latest presentations on the Company are at hyperlinks:

<u>Rimfire Exploration Presentation - AGM 14 November 2014</u> <u>Exploration Industry Presentation and Rimfire Benchmarking - AGM 14 November 2014</u>

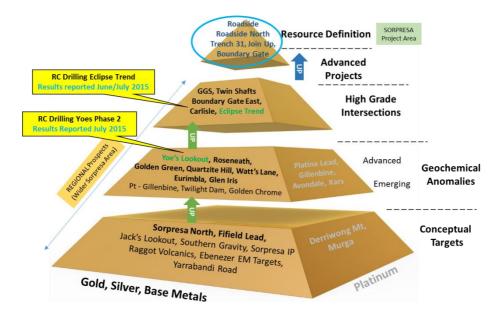
NSW Resources Investment Conference 27-28th July 2015 Sydney

A 3D Exploration Model, as at May 2014, depicting gold mineralisation at Sorpresa with a description of the RC drill program goals at that time is available as a *video by hyperlink: Click Here.*

Regional Prospects within 6km Radius of Sorpresa Project Area at Fifield

Prioritized current prospects and targets within 6kms of Sorpresa are being systematically assessed. Rimfire interprets a rift basin setting at Fifield, Back Arc to the World Class Macquarie Arc, and traversed by the crustal scale Lachlan Transverse Zone (LTZ) and cross cut by other major crustal structures, which is host to multiple styles of significant mineralisation, with combined multimillion ounce gold equivalent potential. To date more than **25 targets** are revealed at Fifield.

The prospect pyramid below ranks these prospects which are grouped into 7 manageable "Target Domains", for gold and base metals, in terms of their logistical, spatial, deposit style and exploration stage;



Rimfire Prospect Pyramid illustrated at increasing stages of advancement from Conceptual targets, Emerging and Advanced Geochemical Anomalies, Prospects with High Grade intersections, and Advanced Targets, and a Resource at Sorpresa.

- 1. Sorpresa (Carbonate Base Metal Epithermal Au/Ag) Roadside North, Roadside, Original Sorpresa
- 2. Sorpresa (Carbonate Base Metal Epithermal Au) Join-Up, Boundary Gate, Boundary Gate East, Trench 31
- **3.** Eclipse Trend (Au-Copper, VMS / Epithermal) McConnell's, Transit, Eclipse North, Eclipse, Eurimbla, Golden Chrome, Roseneath, Watt's Lane, Carlisle.
- 4. Yoes Lookout (Skarn style and Structurally controlled Greenstone and Sediment hosted Au, possible Porpyhry Cu-Au target style)
- **5. Orogenics (Structurally controlled Greenstone and Sediment hosted Au)-** Golden Green, Golden Green South, Twin Shafts, Rabbit Hill, Golden Green East.
- 6. Sorpresa Extensions Sorpresa North, Quartzite Hill, Fifield Lead, Southern Gravity, Red Mist
- 7. Conceptual Jack's Lookout, Gravity Gradient, Raggatt Volcanics, Glen Iris,

Work programs are at various stages of development on the prospects.

Table 3: Ranked Prospect Portfolio at Fifield NSW

Table o	Table of Comparison of more Advanced Prospects within 6km Radius of Sorpresa Projects							
Location	Rock Chip g/t Au	Typical Soil ppb Au	Typical Auger ppb Au	Anomaly Length	RC Drill (best to date)	Open	Other	Historic Workings
Sorpresa Resource	8.8	10~50	20~1,000	1.5km	14 @ 24.4 g/t Au <mark>26m @155g/t Ag</mark>	yes	IP/Gravity	Minor
Yoes Lookout	3.4	10~300	20~1,000	1.7km	Au, <mark>Cu</mark> anomalous	yes	Magnetic Feature, <mark>Cu</mark>	No
Eclipse Trend	18.7	N/A	20~700	2.2km	4m @ 6.5% Cu 4m @ 2.3g/t Au	yes	Ag, <mark>Cu</mark>	Minor
Golden Green Group	8.1	N/A	10~100	0.5km	2m @ 9.11g/tAu	yes	Mafic host?	Yes
Roseneath	3.7	8~300	15~80	0.8km	N/A	yes	Sorpresa Style?	No
Carlisle	23.0	9~50	N/A	0.35km	7m @ 1.47g/tAu	yes	Magnetic Feature	Minor

Company Strategy

The Company has committed to pursue a *prospect portfolio strategy* of developing the regional prospects at Fifield to suitable stages, in parallel with the Sorpresa project area to achieve outcomes as follows:

- Enhance and highlight the Fifield district's appeal to deliver more discoveries within 6km radius of Sorpresa
- Metals being pursued include Gold, Silver, Copper and Platinum
- Ensure the Company has the opportunity to make the best discoveries possible in its prospect portfolio
- Continue discovery growth at Sorpresa, looking for important contributions in the next phases of drilling
- Grow the maiden resource at Sorpresa (23 Dec 2014), currently published as inferred and indicated comprising **6.4Mt for 7.9Moz of silver and 125kOz of gold (at 0.5g/t Au & 25g/t Ag cutoff)**
- Examine economic potential, as appropriate to the stage of the project area

Competent Persons Declarations

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Exploration and Resource Results is based on information reviewed and compiled by Colin Plumridge who is deemed to be a Competent Person and is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

Mr Plumridge has over 45 years' experience in the mineral and mining industry. Mr Plumridge is employed by Plumridge & Associates Pty. Ltd. and is a consulting geologist to the Company. Colin Plumridge has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Colin Plumridge has previously consented to the inclusion of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Historic information and previously published material under 2004 JORC standard that is referenced in this report:

The information provided in "About Rimfire Pacific Mining" is extracted from the reports entitled and listed in the table below created on the dates shown and is available to view additionally on the Company Website at hyperlink: <u>ASX</u> <u>Announcements</u>. The company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements.

In addition, the Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements which operated under the 2004 JORC reporting requirements. Mr Colin Plumridge as a Competent Person consented to the inclusion in the original reports in the form and context in which each appeared, please refer to the Competent Persons declaration above for additional information.

ASX November 9th 2007 Golden Green Gold Prospect Returns Encouraging Assay					
ASX July 25th 2008 Quarterly Report For the period April 1st to June 30th 2008					
ASX March 30th 2012 Coherent Gold geochemistry at Yoes Lookout Confirmed – Fifield NSW					
ASX September 17th 2012 First Gold Sections Created at Sorpresa Project, Fifield NSW					
ASX June 13 th 2012 High Grade Gold Intersection Sorpresa Project – Fifield NSW					
ASX July 26th 2012 Successful Intersections at Sorpresa Gold Project					
ASX October 10th 2012 Highest Gold and Silver Grades seen to date at Sorpresa Project					
ASX December 18th 2012 Sorpresa Project Produces More Encouraging Results					
ASX March 27 th 2013 Additional Assays at Sorpresa Gold Project					
ASX June 13th 2013 Further Positive RC Drilling Results at Sorpresa Project					
ASX July 17th 2013 Diamond Drilling Reveals Bonanza Grade of 1m @ 114g/t Au					
ASX October 21st 2013 Results Confirm Extensions of Gold and Silver at Sorpresa Project					
ASX December 20th 2013 High Grade Silver extensions continue at Roadside					
ASX February 14 th 2014 Gold Intersections Confirm New Intersections at Sorpresa					
ASX May 16th May 2014 4,000m RC Drilling Program at Sorpresa Project - Regional Intersection 2m @ 9.11g/t Gold					
ASX May 30 th May 2014 Drilling Update and 3D Exploration Model for Sorpresa Project - 2m @ 7.49g/t Gold intersected					
ASX July 23rd 2014 Encouraging Regional Rock Chip Results up to 13.7g/t Gold, Fifield NSW					
ASX August 18 th 2014 New High Grade Rock Chip Results up to 23g/t Au at Fifield NSW					
ASX August 26 th 2014 Sorpresa Gold and Silver Mineralisation Extended at Fifield, NSW					
ASX November 28th 2014 Encouraging Gold Results Intersected in New Shallow Oxide Position at Sorpresa					
ASX December 8th 2014 High Grades Intersected in Sorpresa Resource Definition Drilling					
ASX December 23rd 2014 Sorpresa Maiden Resource Fifield NSW - 6.4Mt for 125kOz of gold and 7.9Moz of silver					
ASX January 30 th 2015 December Quarter Exploration Report					
ASX February 20 th 2015 Sorpresa RC Drilling Assays Finalised, New RC Drilling underway to extend mineralisation					
ASX February 23 rd 2015 Gold Intersections confirmed from Surface at Carlisle, Fifield NSW					
ASX 23rd March 2015 Encouraging Results including 2m @ 10.09g/t Gold Intersected at Sorpresa					
ASX 13th April 2015 Skarn style mineralisation intersected with Copper Anomalism at Yoes Lookout Prospect					
ASX 20th May 2015 Yoes Area Assays confirm Copper Anomalism with Gold Present					
ASX 16 th June 2015 RC Drill Assays Confirm Copper Anomalism and Gold at Eclipse Trend					

ASX 23rd July2015 4m @ 6.5% Cu and 2.3g/t Au Massive Chalcopyrite at Eclipse

Table 4 Dates and Hyperlinks for previously referred to results in this report

Table 5: JORC Code Reporting Criteria

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.	RC Samples are collected at 1m intervals from the cyclone in plastic bags. RAB Samples are collected at 1m intervals from the cyclone in plastic bags. 1 metre intervals are sampled from all Auger holes within in situ weathered basement geology. Nominal 2 kg samples are collected at the drill rig. Rock Chips samples are a mix of float, sub crop & outcrop (identified in results table).
	appropriate calibration of any measurement	Industry standard QAQC protocols with insertion of certified reference samples, blank samples and field duplicates are included every 50, 51 and 52nd sample respectively.
	mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively	RC Hole collars are surveyed using a Garmin GPS, and Trimble DGPS. Downhole surveying in RC hole is conducted every 20m open hole, and where required every 50m in-rod using stainless steel rods. All other drill and sample locations are surveyed using Garmin GPS.
	Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so by	Reverse Circulation conducted using face sampling hammer (119mm diameter). RAB drilling conducted using blade bit (100mm diameter). Auger drilling conducted by trailer mounted hydraulic driven auger rig with nominal hole diameter of 100mm.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill sample recovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. 	Poor sample recoveries are noted during logging with percentage estimates. These are compared to results.
	 Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. 	RC samples are visually checked for recovery, moisture and contamination. A cyclone and riffle splitter (for RC) are used to provide a uniform sample and these are routinely cleaned. The hole is blown out at the beginning of each rod to remove excess water, plus auto- blow downs, to maintain dry sample. Auger and RAB samples are visually checked for recovery and up hole contamination. Auger and RAB drilling not conducted below the water table.
	 Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	In RC drilling occasional poor sample recovery and also wet samples occur however close examination and comparison to results showed that there is no identifiable bias in the results associated with these samples.
Logging	 Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. 	Geological logging of drill chips records colour, grainsize, lithology, alteration, mineralisation and veining including percentage estimates along with moisture content. Drill samples are sieved, logged and placed into chip trays.
	 Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. 	Geological logging of drill chips is qualitative by nature, drill chip trays are retained for future reference.
	• The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	All metres drilled are logged
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	 If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. 	No core reported in this release

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation continued.	 If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. 	Reported RC results have been riffle split. Lower priority RC intervals are speared samples and if found to be anomalous will be subsequently riffle split and re-assayed. Wet samples are not put through riffle splitter but homogenized and subsampled using small spear. Sample returned from 1 metre RAB interval is homogenized and speared and composited and maximum composite interval within significant intersection is provided with result. Sample returned from 1 metre auger interval is homogenized in collection tray and speared. All RAB and Auger samples were dry. Rock Chips are sawn in half with half submitted for analysis.
	 For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. . 	Sub-samples obtained from riffle splitting are submitted as 1m intervals or composited to 2m (equal weights) to produce a bulk 2kg sample, subsamples of occasional wet metres are composited similarly. Lower priority zones are speared and composited on 4m intervals. The homogenization and spearing method is typical for sampling RAB and auger returns and QAQC results identify that the methods used are appropriate to the style of mineralisation.
	Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.	Industry standard QAQC protocols with insertion of certified reference samples, blank samples and field duplicates are included every 50, 51 and 52nd sample respectively. No wet samples are put through the riffle splitter which is checked between samples and cleaned (when necessary) between samples. Equal weights (estimated from equal volumes) are collected for composited intervals.
	Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.	QAQC results of field duplicate analysis identify that the methods used are appropriate to the style of mineralisation.
	 Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	QAQC results of field duplicate analysis identify that the methods used are appropriate to the style of mineralisation.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	 The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. 	Reported RC samples are dispatched to ALS Laboratories with Au determined by Au_AA26. RAB and Auger samples are dispatched to ALS Laboratories with Au determined by fire assay methods Au-AA22 (or PGM-ICP24) which returns Au to 2ppb (or 1 ppb) respectively, PGM-ICP24 includes Pt to 5 ppb and Pd to 1 ppb on a 50g charge. Selected auger samples were also submitted for full suite multi-element analysis are via Four Acid Digest method ME-MS61. Rock chip samples are submitted to ALS Laboratories for Au via Fire Assay method Au-AA22 to 2 ppb and full suite multi-element analysis are via Four Acid Digest method ME-MS61. Fire Assay analysis for gold and Four Acid digest for multielement analysis are considered as total techniques in the absence of coarse metal. Screen Fire Assay for gold is considered as total technique when coarse gold is present.
	• For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments (fpXRF), etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.	All significant results reported from NATA accredited laboratory. Handheld XRF (fpXRF) (Olympus Delta50) is used to determine sample character and type applied to 1m riffle split or composite. All data is collected using a 30 seconds reading time (this is sometimes modified to 15secs, if stable readings are achievable) for each of the 3 beams in soil mode. XRF analysis is typically applied to a single point on the sample bag of interest. Results may be cross checked with additional XRF readings, including further subsamples. The known limitations of XRF, particularly element strengths and weaknesses, are considered. XRF is a scoping and order of magnitude tool, the Company is an expert user of XRF. Trends and comparisons in XRF readings are examined. Laboratory assays may be sought for further validation. XRF results are considered as guidance for subsequent laboratory assay
	 Nature of quality control procedures adopted (e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established. 	Reviews of internal QAQC results has shown that the field sampling, riffle splitting compositing methods used are appropriate to the mineralisation being tested. External laboratory analysis of "umpire" samples confirm results from the primary laboratory.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. 	All reported intersections are independently reviewed by 2 company personnel
	• The use of twinned holes.	Hole Twinning when used, is reported.
	entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.	Primary field data is captured electronically using established templates. Assay data from laboratory is merged and loaded into Access based database after passing QAQC checks. Database audit of loaded batches is conducted on a monthly basis.
	 Discuss any adjustment to assay data. 	"<" values are converted into "-" values and for geochemical analysis results returning less than detection are ascribed to half the detection limit.
Location of data points		Drill collars are located using handheld Garmin GPS and are RC collars are picked up by a Trimble Differential GPS. Downhole digital multi-shot surveys are conducted every 20m, open hole where practical, or in stainless steel rods every 50m.
	Specification of the grid system used.	GDA94 zone55
	 Quality and adequacy of topographic control. 	Collar elevation data from digital terrain model derived from detailed ground gravity survey DGPS data used as an interim measure prior to DGPS pick up of collar location. Other elevation data sourced from handheld GPS.
Data spacing and distribution	Exploration Results.	RC Exploration was on nominal 80 X 100m grid down to 40 X 40m grid and then down to 20 X 20m grid, or as described. RAB exploration conducted on traverses with coverage on 60 ° dipping holes. Auger exploration currently on a nominal 100 X 20m grid or as described. Rock Chip samples not on a defined grid pattern.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Data spacing and	· Whether the data spacing and	The nominal RC exploration grid is
distribution continued.	distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and	deemed adequate to identify mineralisation envelopes which are infilled as appropriate. The RAB hole spacing and nominal auger exploration grid are deemed most suitable to identify mineralisation at a scale of interest to the company. This is adequate to establish continuity in this environment however closer spaced drilling may be warranted in certain locations for further definition.
	· Whether sample compositing has been applied.	Compositing conducted at 2 and 4 meter intervals in RAB and RC samples. Equal weights from each 1 meter interval are used to ensure that the composite adequately represents the intervals sampled. The equal weights are estimated from equal volume measure used when subsampling. Auger samples are taken on 1 metre intervals.
Orientation of data in	· Whether the orientation of sampling	Current observations do not suggest a
relation to geological structure	achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.	bias in sampling from the drilling orientation.
	 If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	The drilling orientation is designed to intercept the mineralisation orthogonally where known.
Sample security	 The measures taken to ensure sample security. 	Sample identification is independent of hole identification. Samples are stored in a secure on- site location, under supervision and transported to ALS Orange NSW via Rimfire personnel or licensed couriers.
Audits or reviews		Internal reviews of QAQC data has shown that the field sampling, riffle splitting and compositing methods used are appropriate to the mineralisation being tested.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.	Reported results all from 100% Rimfire Pacific Mining NL tenements at Fifield NSW, which may include EL5534, EL6241, EL7058, EL7959, EL5565, MC(L)305, MC(L)306. All samples were taken on Private Freehold and / or Common Land (prescribed for mining). No native title exists. The land is used primarily for grazing and cropping.
		The tenement is in good standing, and all work is conducted under specific approvals from NSW Trade and Investment, Mineral Resources.
Exploration done by other parties	of exploration by other parties.	Recent systematic exploration (1980 onwards) has been conducted by Ausplat Minerals NL in JV with Golden Shamrock Mines Ltd and Mount Gipps Ltd, Titan Resources and also Helix Resources and Black Range Minerals NL. Prior to this Exploration for various metals in the Fifield area has been conducted by a number of companies since the late 1960's including Anaconda, CRA Exploration Pty Ltd, Platina Developments NL, Mines Search Pty Ltd, Broken Hill Proprietary Company Ltd, Mt Hope Minerals and Shell.
Geology		The mineralisation currently being pursued at Sorpresa appears to have many similarities with typical carbonate base metal epithermal gold style, in a Siluro Devonian back arc basin setting. Other mineralisation styles include sediment and greenstone hosted orogenic gold and VMS.
Drill hole Information	material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following	Plans showing location of drill holes and also location of significant results and interpreted trends are provided in the figures of report. Any new significant RC results are provided in tables within the report. Any new significant RAB results are provided in tables in within the report.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Drill hole Information Continued.		Any new significant rock chip results are provided in tables within the report.
		Any new significant Auger results are provided in figures within the report.
	 If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	Information is provided in significant results tables.
Data aggregation methods	weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.	No averaging or cut-off values are applied to auger or rock chip results. Only significant RAB results >0.1g/t Au are reported using thickness weighted average for intervals with < or = 2m internal dilution. For RC results thickness weighted averages are reported for all intervals. Reported intervals are calculated using \geq 0.1g/t Au and or \geq 10g/t Ag cut off and \leq 2m Internal Dilution.
	incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths	High grade intervals within in larger intersections are reported as included intervals and noted in results table. Aggregation utilises thickness weighted mean calculations.
	 The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	Metal equivalents are not reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.	Drill holes are designed to intersect the plane of mineralisation (where this is known) at 90° so that reported intersections represent true thickness.
	mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature	All intersections are subsequently presented as downhole lengths. If down hole length varies significantly from known true width then appropriate notes are provided.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Diagrams		Refer to Figures
	(with scales) and tabulations of	
	intercepts should be included for	
	any significant discovery being	
	reported These should include, but	
	not be limited to a plan view of drill	
	hole collar locations and	
	appropriate sectional views.	
Balanced reporting	· Where comprehensive	This information is provided in results Table and
	reporting of all Exploration Results	comments in the report.
	is not practicable, representative	
	reporting of both low and high	
	grades and/or widths should be	
	practiced to avoid misleading	
	reporting of Exploration Results.	
Other substantive	· Other exploration data, if	There is currently no other substantive
exploration data	meaningful and material, should be	exploration data that is meaningful and material
	reported including (but not limited	to report, beyond that reported already, in this or
	to): geological observations;	previous reports.
	geophysical survey results;	
	geochemical survey results; bulk	
	samples – size and method of	
	treatment; metallurgical test results;	
	bulk density, groundwater,	
	geotechnical and rock	
	characteristics; potential deleterious	
	or contaminating substances.	
Further work	· The nature and scale of	Further work is discussed in the document in
	planned further work (e.g. tests for	relation to the exploration results.
	lateral extensions or depth	
	extensions or large-scale step-out	
	drilling).	
	· Diagrams clearly highlighting the	Refer to Figures
	areas of possible extensions,	
	including the main geological	
	interpretations and future drilling	
	areas, provided this information is	